Electric Field (MCQ Only)

Q1.

The graph shows how the potential V varies with distance d in an electric field.



Which of the following shows the corresponding variation in electric field strength *E*?



Q2.

A point object has a charge +Q.

Which of the following diagrams shows equipotential lines differing by a constant potential difference, and electric field lines around the object?



(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q3.

What is the acceleration of an electron at a point in an electric field where the electric field strength is 2.0×10^4 N C⁻¹?

- ☑ A 2.8 × 10⁻¹⁶ m s⁻²
- **B** 3.2 × 10⁻¹⁵ m s⁻²
- \square C 1.8 × 10¹¹ m s⁻²
- □ **D** 3.5 × 10¹⁵ m s⁻²

Q4.

A potential difference is applied across two parallel plates. A particle carrying a charge of +0.1 C is placed between the plates and experiences a force *F*.

The distance between the plates is halved. The potential difference remains constant.

Which of the following is now equal to the electric field strength between the plates?

- 🖾 A 5F
- ☑ **B** 10*F*
- 🖾 C 20F
- D 40F

(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q5.

The graph shows how an electric potential V varies with distance x.



Which of the following shows the corresponding variation of electric field strength *E* with *x*?



Q6.

A potential difference V is applied across two parallel plates. An electron midway between the two plates at point X experiences an electric force F.

The electron moves to point Y which is halfway between point X and the left-hand plate.

Which of the following is the electric force experienced by the electron at Y?

×	Α	2F
1	в	F
×	с	$\frac{F}{2}$
	D	$\frac{F}{4}$

(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q7.

The distance between a proton and an electron is *r*. The electrostatic force is *F*.

The distance between the proton and electron is doubled.

Which of the following is equal to the electrostatic force at this separation?

 $\square A 2F$ $\square B \frac{F}{2}$ $\square C \frac{F}{3}$ $\square D \frac{F}{4}$

Q8.

The force between two identical point charges, X and Y, is F.

Charge X is doubled; charge Y remains the same.

Which row of the table gives the force on each charge?

	Х	Y
A	F	F
B	F	2F
C	2F	F
D	2F	2F

Mark Scheme - Electric Fields (MCQ Only)

Q1.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	A is not correct because the E is equal to – gradient of the graph of V against r B is not correct because the E is equal to – gradient of the graph of V against r D is not correct because the E is equal to – gradient of the graph of V against r		1

Q2.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	The only correct answer is A		1
	B is not correct because field direction is correct		
	but equipotential lines will become further apart as		
	distance increases as $V \propto 1/r$		
	C is not correct because field direction is incorrect		
	D is not correct because field direction is incorrect		

Q3.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
	D	1

Q4.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	The only correct answer is C A is not correct as $E_{initial} = F/Q = 10F$, if <i>d</i> halved then $E_{after} = 20F$ B is not correct as $E_{initial} = F/Q = 10F$, if <i>d</i> halved then $E_{after} = 20F$ D is not correct as $E_{initial} = F/Q = 10F$, if <i>d</i> halved then $E_{after} = 20F$		1

Q5.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	The only correct answer is A	B,C and D are not the negative potential gradient	
			1

Q6.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	The only correct answer is B	F	1
	A is not correct because this is a uniform field so F constant C is not correct because this is a uniform field so F constant D is not correct because this is a uniform field so F constant		

Q7.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	The only correct answer is D	A,B and C do not show an inverse	
	<u>F</u>	square	
	4		1

Q8.

Question Number	Acceptable answers	Additional guidance	Mark
	D		1